

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
B. E. - SEMESTER – VI • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2012

Subject code: 160704

Date: 05/01/2013

Subject Name: Theory Of Computation

Time: 02.30 pm - 05.00 pm

Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Attempt any five questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 Answer the following. **14**

- (a) Write Regular Expressions for the following languages of all strings in $\{0,1\}^*$
- (i) Strings that contains odd number of 0's (zeroes).
 - (ii) Strings that begin or end with 00 or 11.
- (b) Prove that $\sqrt{2}$ (square root of 2) is Irrational by method of Contradiction.
- (c) Define Context Free Grammar (CFG). Describe the language accepted by following CFG:
 $S \rightarrow aSa \mid bSb \mid a \mid b \mid \Lambda$
- (d) Define one-to-one, onto and bijection function.
 Check whether the function $f: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^+, f(x) = x^2$ is "one to one" or "onto".

Q.2 (a) Write definition of finite automata and draw FA for the strings: **07**

- (i) The string in $\{0,1\}^*$ ending in 10 or 11.
- (ii) The string corresponding to Regular expression $\{11\}^* \{00\}^*$

(b) Using Principle of Mathematical Induction, Prove that **07**
 For every $n \geq 1$,

$$\sum_{i=1}^n i^2 = n(n+1)(2n+1)/6$$

OR

(b) Prove that the following CFG is Ambiguous. **07**

$$S \rightarrow S + S \mid S * S \mid (S) \mid a$$

Write the unambiguous CFG for the above grammar. Draw Parse tree for the string $a + a * a$.

Q.3 (a) Convert following NFA- Λ to NFA and FA. **08**

Q	$\delta(q, \Lambda)$	$\delta(q, 0)$	$\delta(q, 1)$
A	{B,D}	{A}	\emptyset
B	\emptyset	{C}	{E}
C	\emptyset	\emptyset	{B}
D	\emptyset	{E}	{D}
E	\emptyset	\emptyset	\emptyset

(b) Compare FA, NFA and NFA- Λ . For the following Regular **06**

Expression draw an NFA- Λ recognizing the corresponding language.

$$(0 + 1)^* (10+01)^* 11$$

OR

Q.3 (a) Draw Finite Automata (FA) for following languages: **08**

$$L_1 = \{x / 11 \text{ is not a substring of } x, x \in \{0,1\}^*\}$$

$$L_2 = \{x / x \text{ ends with } 10, x \in \{0,1\}^*\}$$

Find FA accepting languages (i) $L_1 \cap L_2$ and (ii) $L_1 - L_2$

(b) Prove Kleene's Theorem: Any Regular Language can be accepted by a Finite Automaton(FA). **06**

Q.4 (a) For the language $L = \{xcx^r / x \in \{a,b\}^*\}$ design a PDA(Push Down Automata) and trace it for string "bacab". **07**

(b) Convert following CFG to equivalent Chomsky Normal Form(CNF). **07**

$$S \rightarrow AACD \mid ACD \mid AAC \mid CD \mid AC \mid C$$

$$A \rightarrow aAb \mid ab$$

$$C \rightarrow aC \mid a$$

$$D \rightarrow aDa \mid bDb \mid aa \mid bb$$

OR

Q.4 (a) Design and draw a deterministic PDA accepting strings with more a's than b's. Trace it for the string "abbabaa". **06**

(b) Answer the following. **08**

(i) Design a CFG for the following language.

$$L = \{0^i 1^j 0^k / j > i + k\}$$

(ii) What do you mean by Regular Language? Explain the application of the Pumping Lemma to show a Language is Regular or Not.

Q.5 (a) Draw a Turing Machine(TM) to accept Palindromes over $\{a,b\}$. (Even as well as Odd Palindromes) **08**

(b) Explain in Brief: **06**

(i) Halting Problem.

(ii) Basic Complexity Classes.

OR

Q.5 Write short notes on the following: **14**

(i) The Primitive Recursive Functions..

(ii) The Sets P, NP, PSpace and NPSpace.

(iii) Top Down Parsing And Bottom Up Parsing.

(iv) Universal Turing Machine.
